



EYFS AREA OF LEARNING: COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE SPRING 2B

ENQUIRY QUESTION: F1- WHAT HAPPENS IN SPRING? F2 WHAT DO LIVING THINGS NEED TO GROW?

Development matters links to CL

3 and 4 years-• Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens. • Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult. • Use a wider range of vocabulary. • Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as "Get your coat and wait at the door". • Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" • Sing a large repertoire of songs. • Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story. • Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'. • Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying: - some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh - multisyllabic words such as 'pterodactyl', 'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus' • Use longer sentences of four to six words. • Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. • Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns. • Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus... you sit there... I'll be the driver."

Reception child: Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. • Learn new vocabulary. • Use new vocabulary through the day. • Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. • Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. • Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. • Describe events in some detail. • Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen. • Develop social phrases. • Engage in story times. • Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. • Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. • Use new vocabulary in different contexts. • Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. • Learn rhymes, poems and songs. • Engage in non-fiction books. • Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.

ELG's

Listening, attention and understanding

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. • Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. • Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

Speaking

• Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. • Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. • Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

EYFS CLASS	KNOWLEDGE	SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES/PROGRESSION	VOCABULARY	CHARACTERISTICS	SKILLS and
	(what do you want		(Use Victor	OF EFFECTIVE	APPLICATION
	children to be able to		Vocabulary	LEARNING	
	know and do?)		and Glossary		
			books)		
	I can sing a large	Brainstorm enquiry question: 'What happens in Spring?'	Listen, taste,	Playing and	
	repertoire of songs.	To find out prior knowledge	story,	Exploring	<u>Skills</u> :
			speaking,	-showing curiosity	Active listening
	I know many rhymes	Pancake Day	remember,	about objects,	-Use more
	and can talk about	Learn about the meaning of Pancake Day by listening to	talking	events and people	complex
F1	familiar books and be	information in non- fiction books and videos on IWB.	partners,	-Using senses to	sentences to
	able to tell a long story.	Watch and listen to a demonstration on how to make a pancake.	pancake,	explore the world	link thoughts
		Participate in a pancake tasting session and choose a favourite	manners,	around them	-Begin to
	I am getting better at	filling.	please, thank	-Showing particular	understand how
	developing my	Discuss own experiences of Pancake Day at home.	you, Spring,	interests	and why
	pronunciation but may		Easter, new	-Initiating activities.	questions
	have problems saying: -	<u>Fair Trade Café</u>	life	-Showing a 'can do'	-Use my prior
	some sounds: r, j, th,	(Global Learning)		attitude	knowledge and
	ch, and sh -	Listen to a lesson about Fair Trade and afterwards take part in a		Active Learning	make links
	multisyllabic words	whole school Fair trade Café event in the hall- eating and drinking		-maintaining focus	
	such as 'pterodactyl',	Fair Trade products.		on their activity for	
	'planetarium' or	Focus on good manners		a period of time	Other skills:
	'hippopotamus.'	Circle time- Discuss the importance of remembering to say		-showing high	-Observational
		'please' and 'thank you.'		levels of energy,	skills
	I can use longer	'Please Mr Panda' by Steve Anthony		fascination	-Pencil control
	sentences of four to six	Other Stories: Nick Butterworth Spring books		-Not easily	
	words.			distracted	Application: In
		Singing		-Pays attention to	context of
	I enjoy listening to	-Minibeast songs		details	'What happens
	longer stories and can	-Nursery rhymes and traditional songs		Creating and	in Spring?'
	remember much of			critical thinking	learning and
	what happens.			-Thinking of ideas	child initiated

 World Book Day	Making links and	loorning
World Book Day	-Making links and	learning
(Global Learning)	noticing patterns in	
Discuss fiction and non- fiction books. Which type of book is our favourite?	their experience	
Take part in 'Show and Tell' – talk about a favourite book.		
Take part in whole school World Book Day event/ activities.		
-Learn about the season of Spring.		
Spring trees and flowers-		
Discussing/answering questions about how/why the trees have		
changed (blossom)		
Follow instructions to make Spring blossom tree art work.		
Use Victor's Wonderful Words board and big book to define the		
meaning of new words.		
Use IWB video clips, non-fiction and Alexa as a basis for		
discussion/asking and answering how and why questions.		
- <u>Life cycle of a butterfly</u>		
Learn about the life cycle of a butterfly using books e.g. 'The Very		
Hungry Caterpillar' and IWB. Use kit to observe the lifecycle of a		
butterfly in the classroom-pronunciations and multisyllabic		
vocabulary use.		
- <u>Talking partners-</u> talking about Spring themed fiction books and		
explain favourite part.		
Use non-fiction books and technology (IWB/ Google/ Alexa) to		
find out more about the season of Spring. Use talk in circle time		
to recall information and talk about own experiences of Spring.		
-Mother's Day		
Circle time- Discuss our mummies and why we love them.		
EASTER		
Listen to 'The Easter Story' Bible story and learn about the		
meaning behind Easter.		
Discuss Easter eggs, the Easter Bunny and how we celebrate		
Easter with our family.		
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		CULTURAL CAPITAL- Linked Spring topic books with 1:1 reading and vocabulary time- recorded on child's grid and curiosity items to describe CHALLENGE- To follow 2/3 consecutive instructions SEN/LAP/DISAD— To follow instructions one at a time with 1:1 support			
	I can use new vocabulary through the day.	-Brainstorm enquiry question: 'What do living things need to grow?' Class brainstorm-to find out prior knowledge and display on working wall.	Vocabulary, concentrating, detail, explain, re- tell, repeat,	Playing and Exploring -Shows curiosity about objects -Uses senses to	Skills: -Active listening skills -Building upon others'
F2	ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences.	 Ourselves-What do humans need to grow? Pass the bear around the circle and pupils contribute their ideas-discussing-healthy foods, sleep, water, 	Respond, comments, questions,	explore the world around them -Taking on a role	responses -Listen and respond whilst
	I can describe events in some detail. I can use talk to help	 Talking partners in response to information texts and own experiences. 	good morning, good afternoon, instructions	-Acting out experiences with other people -Showing a can-do	engaged in another activity.
	work out problems and organise thinking and activities and to explain how things work and why they might happen.	Social phrases ■ Initiating Good Morning and Good Afternoon greetings independently in daily life as modelled by the staff. -Talk about Spring Season changes noticed	instructions	attitude -Seeks challenge Active Learning -Maintains concentration on their	-Other skills: - Turn taking in conversation - Questioning to find out more information -Multi-tasking
	I can engage in story times.	 -Predict and test what will happen in cress growth experiment. Considering the effects of light on plant growth in the provision: Watered cress covered in the dark 		learning for a period of timeShows high levels	Application: In context of 'What do living
	I can listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.	 Watered cress uncovered in the light Use of Victor Vocabulary board and Glossary for word meanings. -Jack and the Beanstalk story Talk about setting, characters and events. Teacher in role as Jack's mother looking for Jack 		of energy and fascination -Pays attention to details -Showing a belief that more effort or	things need to grow?' adult focus learning and child initiated

I can retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words.

I can listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.

I can offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. • Pupils respond in role and describe/explain.

-Following peer instructions on how to plant a bean.

Pupil reads out

Instructions as another child follows them and plants the bean.

-<u>Taking turns to plant vegetable seeds outdoors</u> following verbal instructions.

-Garden Centre role-play area

With seed packets, tools, boots and pots/plants with till and wheelbarrow. Pictures and labels. Development of role-play with friends.

-Describing Minibeasts and changes observed

- · Mini beast hunt outdoors-describing
- Real caterpillars and talking about metamorphosis
- Sorting and grouping minibeasts
- Talking about stick insect life cycle changes

- Superworm '

- Share story and compare setting, characters and storyline with the above 2 books by Julia Donaldson.
- Join in with repeated refrains, adding own rhyming substitute words.

-The Snail and the Whale

- Finding rhyming words in the book
- Substituting adjectives and similes in the story.
- Re-telling the story.
- Vote between 'Superworm' and 'The Snail and the Whale.'

-Monkey Puzzle

• Write a detailed description of an animal to help the butterfly find it straight away.

-Easter Story

• Listening and responding using P4C strategies-offer ideas,

a different approach will pay off. Creating and critical thinking -Making links and notices patterns in their experiences -Makes prediction -Tests ideas -Develops ideas of sequences and cause/effect -Changes strategy as needed -Reviews how well the approach worked

learning.

build upon and I agree.
Build Victor Vocabulary board-define words in glossary.
CULTURAL CAPITAL-Extra time to observe caterpillars and stick
insects-handling and describing-listening and responding whilst
handling.
CHALLENCE Consum recent vitors a small group showing them have
CHALLENGE-Can you peer tutor a small group-showing them how to
plant vegetable seeds outdoors?
SEN/DISADVANTAGED-1:1 adult and child following cultural
capital book/theme/vocabulary chart-on non-fiction Growth-
Humans, plants and mini-beasts-talking about information.

Sticky Knowledge Observation Communication and language activities for observation and assessment in terms of skills, knowledge and application.

F1- Observe children listening to the Easter Bible story to assess their ability to MAINTAIN ATTENTION, CONCENTRATE AND SIT QUIETLY DURING APPROPRIATE ACTIVITY

CC: Give extra practise of the above during 'Stay and Play' club-playing games and concentrating.

<u>F2</u>- Observe children whilst engaged in handling stick insects and planting seeds assessing their ability to give attention to what others' say and respond appropriately whilst being engaged in another activity.

CC: Give extra practise of the above during 'Stay and Play' club-playing games and responding to peers to develop co-operation.

CHILDREN'S INTERESTS/HOME LEARNING/ENHANCEMENTS AND TRIPS

Makerspace Parent /Carer after school project rota Spring 2B F2 Home learning Grid Playdough disco





EYFS AREA OF LEARNING: PERSONAL, SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT SPRING 2B

ENQUIRY QUESTION: F1- WHAT HAPPENS IN SPRING? F2 WHAT DO LIVING THINGS NEED TO GROW?

(Also please see 1 Decision long term overview and planning-specific 1 Decision teaching and learning themes and lessons)

Development Matters links to PSED

3 and 4 years-Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them. • Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community. • Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting. • Show more confidence in new social situations. • Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas. • Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas. • Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. • Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them. • Develop appropriate ways of being assertive. • Talk with others to solve conflicts. • Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'. • Understand gradually how others might be feeling. • Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly. • Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.

Reception child: See themselves as a valuable individual. • Build constructive and respectful relationships. • Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. • Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. • Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally. • Think about the perspectives of others. • Manage their own needs. - Personal hygiene • Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: - regular physical activity - healthy eating - toothbrushing - sensible amounts of 'screen time' - having a good sleep routine - being a safe pedestrian.

ELG's

Self-regulation

Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. • Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. • Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

Managing self

Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. • Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. • Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

Building relationships

Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. • Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. • Show sensitivity to their own and to others'

	KNOWLEDGE (what do you want children to be able to know and do?)	SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES/PROGRESSION	VOCABULARY (Use Victor Vocabulary and Glossary books)	CHARACTERISTICS OF EFFECTIVE LEARNING	SKILLS and APPLICATION
F1	I can talk about my feelings using words like 'angry' or 'worried,' 'scared.' I understand gradually how others might be feeling. I can increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. I can remember rules without needing an adult to remind them. I am increasingly independent in meeting my own care needs, e.g using the toilet, washing and drying my hands thoroughly. I can play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas.	Role Play Areas Building Site and Home Corner -Take turns/ share resources/ play with other children and form good relationships whilst role playing-understanding and following the rules. Pancake day Talk about pancake filling preferences. Talk about own experiences of Pancake Day at home. Fair Trade Café (Global Learning) Listen to a lesson about Fair Trade and afterwards take part in a whole school Fair trade Café event in the halleating and drinking Fair Trade products. Focus on good manners Circle time- Discuss the importance of remembering to say 'please' and 'thank you.' 'Please Mr Panda' by Steve Anthony Focus on feelings Use a non-fiction book to introduce different feelings P4C discussion about different feeling. Use emotion pictures and 'How are you Feeling?' displays to encourage talk about feelings-considering perspectives of others. Focus on self-smart skills using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly.	Angry, worried, scared, rules, toilet, washing hands, friends, friendly, special, love, please, thank you	Playing and Exploring -Using senses to explore the world around themShowing a can do attitude Active Learning -Paying attention to details -Enjoying meeting challenges Creating and critical thinking -Thinking of ideas -Making links and noticing patterns	Skills: -Social interaction with peers -Use my prior knowledge and make links -Other skills: - Turn taking in conversation and building upon what is heard -Questioning to find out more information -Using own experiences in play Application: In context of 'What happens in Spring?'
	elaborating play ideas.	using the tollet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly.			shring;

	learning and
World Book Day	child initiated
(Global Learning)	learning
Discuss fiction and non- fiction books. Which type of book is our	
favourite?	
Take part in 'Show and Tell' – talk about a favourite book.	
Take part in whole school World Book Day event/ activities.	
-Learn about the season of Spring.	
Spring trees and flowers-	
Discuss/answer questions about how the trees have changed.	
Go on a Spring walk together around our school to spot	
the signs of Spring (cherry blossom/ daffodils)	
-Circle time- talk about the seasonal changes.	
Which season is your favourite? Why?	
Talking partners-talking about Spring themed fiction books and	
explain favourite part.	
Use non-fiction books and technology (IWB/ Google/ Alexa) to find	
out more about the season of Spring. Use talk in circle time to	
recall information and talk about own experiences of Spring.	
Mother's Day	
Circle time- Why is your mummy so special?	
Discuss our mummies and why we love them. Finish the sentence	
starter	
'I love my mummy because'	
<u>EASTER</u>	
Circle time- Discuss Easter eggs, the Easter Bunny and how we	
celebrate Easter with our family.	
-In child initiated play and provision- adults facilitate friendly	
behaviour by explicit modelling and using strategies such as using	
explicit praise when desired behaviours shown.	
CULTURAL CAPITAL-	
Music Interaction weekly sessions in small group, taking turns and	
sharing instruments	

	CHALLENGE- Answer question: Why are you feeling? SEN/LAP/DISAD ■ Use of emotions pictures and 'How are you feeling?' displays to support children's attempts at expressing feelings Music Interaction and Monday lunch 'Stay and Play' wellbeing clubto work on modelling friendly behaviour / sharing and taking turns skills.			
F2 I know and can talk about the different factors that support my overall health and wellbeing: healthy eating and regular physical activity. I can set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what I want and control my immediate impulses when appropriate. I am confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. I can manage my own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and	 Ourselves-What do humans need to grow? Show confidence to try new foods and drinks Fruit kebab making and tasting, taking turns and controlling impulses. Trying different healthy drinks: Coconut water, tropical juice, tomato juice. Voting on favourite/fruits/juices including flavouring water with cucumber, mint, fruits -Managing personal needs/hygiene Dressing for P.E and outdoor coats and mud kitchen outfits. Toileting and hand washing daily. Talk about healthy eating and it's effects on overall wellbeing. -Power point on keeping healthy Talking partners relate to own experiences in terms of physical exercise, healthy diet. Fruit and vegetable tasting, talking about likes and dislikes. -Read 'Oliver's Vegetables'/Fruit Salad and discuss own preferences in relation to fruits and vegetables. -Observing and handling Mini-Beasts Mini beast hunt naming and talking about different minibeasts found-handling and observing-likes and dislikes 	Exercise, wait, self-control, patient, voting, fruits, vegetables, healthy food choices, independence	Playing and Exploring -Shows curiosity about objects -Uses senses to explore the world around them -Engages in open ended activity -Showing a can-do attitude -Seeks challenge -Shows particular interests -Takes a risk, engaging in new activities and learning by trial and error Active Learning -Maintains concentration on their learning for a period of timeShows high levels of energy and	Skills: -Explorative skills -Active listening skills -Building upon others' responses -Expressing preferences and justifying themOther skills: - Turn taking in conversation - Questioning to find out more information - Application: In context of 'What do living things need to

 importance of healthy food choices. Handling our class stick insects and describing the experience/feelings. -Sensory messy play Exploring different materials on the tuff spot: Shaving foam Gloop Plasticine 	-Pays attention to details and child initiated that more effort or a different approach will pay
-Sensory messy play Exploring different materials on the tuff spot: • Shaving foam • Gloop	-Showing a belief that more effort or a different initiated learning.
Exploring different materials on the tuff spot: • Shaving foam • Gloop	that more effort or a different learning.
Shaving foamGloop	a different
• Gloop	
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▲ Plasticino	approach will pay
▼ Flasticine	off
Compost and natural materials	-Bouncing back
Baking ingredients	after difficulties.
-Baking	Creating and
Following recipes to bake:	critical thinking
Chocolate Easter nests	-Making links and
Buns with icing	notices patterns in
Comparing the experiences and saying which experience	their experiences
and taste is preferred and why.	-Finding new ways
Fair Trade Café	to do things
(Global Learning)	-Developing ideas
Listen to a lesson about Fair Trade and afterwards take part in a	of grouping, cause
whole school Fair trade Café event in the hall- eating and drinking	and effect.
Fair Trade products-talking and likes and dislikes.	-Planning and
CULTURAL CAPITAL - Small group baking and support to follow	making decisions
recipes and express thoughts and feelings.	about how to
CHALLENGE - Can you present your ideas to the class? Explain	approach a task,
preference of activities with reasons.	solve a problem
SEN/DISADVANTAGED-1:1 adult and child following cultural capital	and reach a goal
book/theme/vocabulary chart-on non-fiction Growth-Fruits,	-Reviews how well
vegetables, plants and mini-beasts-talking about information.	the approach worked

Sticky Knowledge Observation P.S.E.D. activities for observation and assessment in terms of skills, knowledge and application.

F1- Observe children at circle time in order to assess if they are confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions

CC: Interventions based upon needs and next steps, including 'Stay and Play' and 'Music Interaction' plus 1:2 small group explicit PSED teaching

F2- Observe and assess child's ability to demonstrate CONFIDENCE TO TRY NEW ACTIVITIES AND SAY WHY I LIKE SOME ACTIVITIES MORE THAN OTHERS.

CC: Identify any need for support and arrange small group/1:1 intervention plus activities during lunch time 'Stay and Play' wellbeing group.

CHILDREN'S INTERESTS/HOME LEARNING/ENHANCEMENTS AND TRIPS

Makerspace Parent /Carer after school project rota

Spring 2B F2 Home learning Grid

Playdough disco





EYFS AREA OF LEARNING: PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT SPRING 2B

ENQUIRY QUESTION: F1- WHAT HAPPENS IN SPRING? F2 WHAT DO LIVING THINGS NEED TO GROW?

Development Matters links to PD

3 and 4 years-Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills. • Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet. • Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues. • Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. • Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams. • Increasingly able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm. • Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width. • Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel. • Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks. • Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. • Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. • Show a preference for a dominant hand. • Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.

Reception child-Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - rolling - walking - running - skipping - crawling - jumping - hopping - climbing • Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. • Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. • Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons. • Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. • Combine different movements with ease and fluency. • Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. • Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility. • Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. • Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball. • Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient. • Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: - lining up and queuing – mealtimes.

ELG's Gross motor skills

Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. • Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. • Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

Fine motor skills

Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. • Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. • Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

	KNOWLEDGE (what do you want children to be able to know and do?)	SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES/PROGRESSION	VOCABULARY (Use Victor Vocabulary and Glossary books)	CHARACTERISTICS OF EFFECTIVE LEARNING	SKILLS and APPLICATION
	I can collaborate with	-Funky Fingers activities	Carry,	Playing and	Skills:
	others to manage	E.g. threading cards/ beads, big pegs and boards,	transport,	Exploring	-Use my prior
F1	large items, such as	baking, exploring messy play (shaving foam, gloop, compost, and	crawl, walk,	-Using senses to	knowledge and
	moving a long plank	baking ingredients) and colouring in neatly	run, steps,	explore the world	make links
	safely, carrying large hollow blocks.	Deily DW//ne session	stairs, skip,	around them	Other alville
	nollow blocks.	 Daily RWInc session Practising perfect (tripod) pencil grip 	hop, statue, control,	-seeking challenge -Showing a can do	- <u>Other skills:</u> - Turn taking in
	I can match my	 Practising perfect (tripod) pencil grip Recap correct starting and finishing position when 	equipment,	attitude	conversation
	developing physical	forming different groups of letters.	ingredients	dititude	and building
	skills to tasks and	Torring unrevent groups of feeters.	g. cui cii c	Active Learning	upon what is
	activities in the			-Maintaining focus	heard
	setting. For example,	Weekly playdough making session		on their activity for	-Questioning to
	decide whether to	Following a recipe and manipulating tools/ equipment and		a period of time	find out more
	crawl, walk or run	ingredients to make new playdough		-Paying attention	information
	across a plank,			to details	-Using own
	depending on its			-Enjoying meeting	experiences in
	length and width.	-Weekly Baking session		challenges	play
	Lean so up atons and	Following recipes and manipulating tools/		Croating and	Analisationula
	I can go up steps and stairs, or climb up	equipment and ingredients to bake: -Pancakes		Creating and critical thinking	Application: In context of
	apparatus, using	-Pancakes -Butterfly buns		-Thinking of ideas	'What Happens
	alternate feet.	-Biscuits		-Making links and	in Spring?'
		-Easter chocolate nests		noticing patterns	learning and
	I can skip, hop, stand			-Finding new ways	child initiated
	on one leg and hold a	Outdoor obstacle course		to do things	learning
	pose for a game like	Children create the course with F2 peers and decide how they are			
	musical statues.	going to travel along the equipment.			
	I can use one-handed	-Building Site role-play area			
	tools and equipment,	 Use of writing frames to write in role, applying 			
	for example, making	handwriting skills.			

	snips in paper with scissors. I can use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. I can show a preference for a dominant hand.	-A range of writing/drawing activities linked to 'Spring' learning. -Forming letters correctly whilst writing for a purpose in Mother's Day cards/ Easter cards and a 'thank you' letter for the Easter Bunny. CULTURAL CAPITAL- 1:1 support with letter formation in name using different resources (e.g. forming letters in coloured sand/ shaving foam etc.) CHALLENGE- Can you begin to form the letters correctly in simple CVC words? SEN/DISADVANTAGED-Small group multi-sensory mark making practise-using large and small scale movements.			
F2	I can hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. I can develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient. I can further develop the skills I need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing – mealtimes.	 Daily RWInc writing and handwriting session Getting into the perfect handwriting position. Practising perfect pencil grip Recap correct starting and finishing position when forming different groups of letters. Funky Fingers activities E.g. Screwing nuts and bolts, baking, exploring messy play (shaving foam, gloop, plasticine, compost, natural materials and baking ingredients), colouring in neatly, play dough disco. Daily routine skills practise Lining up, queuing Creating healthy fruit kebabs Cutting fruit into pieces and putting onto skewers before tasting. 	Tripod grip, lining up, queuing, mealtimes, movement, control, apparatus, rolling, crawling, climbing	Playing and Exploring -Initiating activities -seeking challenge -Showing a 'can do' attitude -Pays attention to details Active Learning -Maintaining focus on their activity for a period of time -Pays attention to details -showing satisfaction in meeting their own goals	Skills: -Fine motor skills -Gross motor skills -Active listening to follow instructions -Using my prior knowledge and making links -Pencil grip and correct letter formation skills Other skills: -Co-ordination skills

I can start to change movements and adapt a known dance.

I am beginning to share my ideas about how to adapt a dance.

I can share my opinions and give my own ideas about how to adapt and alter a simple dance.

I can progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.

I can combine different movements with ease and fluency.

I can develop my overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with physical education sessions and other physical disciplines.

-Trying different healthy drinks:

Coconut water, tropical juice, tomato juice.

Voting on favourite/fruits/juices including flavouring

• water with cucumber, mint, fruits

-Baking

Following recipes and manipulating tools and ingredients to bake:

- Chocolate Easter nests
- Buns with icing
- Comparing the experiences and saying which experience and taste is preferred and why.

Outdoor obstacle course

Children create the course with F2 peers and decide how they are going to travel along the equipment.

Weekly P.E sessions- Dance- Dance Till You Drop

- Getting undressed and dressed-practising un/fastening buttons.
- -Drawing and labelling cress seed growth experiment diagrams
- Reminding of perfect handwriting position , writing about the results, taking care with correct letter formation and presentation skills.
- -Writing linked to the 'Jack and the Beanstalk' story Pencil grip and letter formation practise
- -Writing a set of instructions on how to plant a bean. Pencil grip and letter formation practise

-Garden Centre role-play area

- Use of writing frames to write in role, applying handwriting session skills.
- -A range of writing activities linked to mini-beast learning.

-Persists when challenges occur -Bouncing back after difficulties Creating and critical thinking -Thinking of ideas -Finding new ways to do things -Making links and noticing patterns in their experience -Checking how well their activities are going -Changing strategy when needed -Reviewing how well the approach

worked

Application: In

-Pencil control

Application: In the context of 'What do living things need to grow?' adult focus learning and child-initiated learning.

I am beginning to	-A range of writing activities linked to 'Superworm,' 'The Snail and		
show accuracy and	the Whale' and 'Monkey Puzzle.'		
care when drawing.	Pencil grip and letter formation practise		
	CULTURAL CAPITAL- 1:1 support with letter formation in fun ways.		
	<u>CHALLENGE</u> - Can you sit your letters on the lines, making sure that the lower and upper case letters are different in size within the lines?		
	<u>SEN/DISADVANTAGED</u> -Small group multi-sensory letter formation practise with correct starting and finishing positionsusing large and small scale movements.		
	-		

Sticky Knowledge Observation Physical Development activities for observation and assessment in terms of skills, knowledge and application.

<u>F1-</u> Whilst pupils are forming letters/writing, assess the extent to which they <u>CAN SHOW PREFERENCE FOR A DOMINANT HAND AND USE ANTI-CLOCKWISE MOVEMENTS AND RETRACE VERTICAL LINES.</u>

<u>CC</u>: Use the above knowledge to create 1:1 and small group intervention focusing on fine motor/pencil grip and letter formation needs.

<u>F2</u>- Whilst pupils are forming letters/writing, assess the extent to which they can <u>use their pencil effectively to form recognisable letters</u>, <u>most of which are correctly formed</u>.

CC: Use the above knowledge to create 1:1 and small group intervention focusing on fine motor/pencil grip and letter formation needs.

CHILDREN'S INTERESTS/HOME LEARNING/ENHANCEMENTS AND TRIPS

Makerspace Parent /Carer after school project rota

Spring 2B F2 Home learning Grid

Playdough disco





EYFS AREA OF LEARNING: LITERACY SPRING 2B

ENQUIRY QUESTION: F1- WHAT HAPPENS IN SPRING? F2 WHAT DO LIVING THINGS NEED TO GROW?

Development Matters link to Literacy

3 and 4 year olds-Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book - page sequencing • Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: - spot and suggest rhymes - count or clap syllables in a word - recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother • Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. • Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy. • Write some or all of their name. • Write some letters accurately.

Reception child-Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. • Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter sound correspondences. • Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them. • Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme. • Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. • Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. • Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. • Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s. • Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and full stop. • Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.

ELG's

Comprehension

Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. • Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. • Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play

Word Reading

Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. • Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. • Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

Writing

Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. • Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. • Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

	KNOWLEDGE (what do you want children to be able to know and do?)	SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES/PROGRESSION	VOCABULARY (Use Victor Vocabulary and Glossary books)	CHARACTERISTICS OF EFFECTIVE LEARNING	SKILLS and APPLICATION
	-I know the five key	Daily Read, Write, Inc. sessions continue for N2 children. The	Illustrator,	Playing and	<u>Skills</u> :
	concepts about print: -	sessions continue to focus on a letter each day from Set 1 Speed	left, right, top,	Exploring	-Use my prior
	print has meaning - print	Sounds, so children can link some sounds to letters.	bottom,	-Using senses to	knowledge
	can have different purposes - we read	N1 children will continue to access a phonics session led by TA based on Phonics Phase One activities	words, first sound, middle	explore the world around them-	and make links
F1	English text from left to		sound, last	-Showing a can do	-Other skills:
-	right and from top to	'BOOK OF THE WEEK' DISPLAY linked to focus author: Allan	sound, act	attitude	- Turn taking
	bottom - the names of	Ahlberg.	out, guess,	-seeking challenge	in
	the different parts of a		perform		conversation
	book - page sequencing.	Termly Author Focus books by Allan Ahlberg		Active Learning -maintaining focus	and building upon what is
	-I can engage in	'Mrs Wobble the Waitress'		on their activity for	heard
	extended conversations	'Mr Creep the Crook'		a period of time	-Questioning
	about stories, learning	'Mr Biff the Boxer'		-Paying attention	to find out
	new vocabulary.	'Miss Jump the Jockey'		to details	more
		'Miss Dirt the Dustman's Daughter'		-not easily	information
	-I can use some of their	'Master Track's Train'		distracted	-Using own
	print and letter			-Enjoying meeting	experiences in
	knowledge in their early	Focus on the title, listening for the alliteration. Can children		challenges	play
	writing. For example:	identify the repeated letter sound?			
	writing a pretend	Book talk, talking partners, and P4C discussions for each story.		Creating and	Application: In

shopping list that starts		critical thinking	context of
at the top of the page;	Book Talk	-Thinking of ideas	'What
writing 'm' for mummy.	Focus on the front cover and read the title, author's name and illustrator's name. When discussing the books, refer to Victor	-Making links and noticing patterns	happens in Spring?'
-I know how to write	Vocabulary and Rex Retriever.	-making	learning and
some or all of their name.	Point to the words as they are being read to show that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom.	predictions	child initiated learning
-I can write some letters			
accurately.	'Please Mr Panda' by Steve Anthony		
	Read the story aloud-children join in with repeated refrains.		
	Focus on feelings Use a non-fiction book to introduce different feelings P4C discussion about different feelings. Use emotion pictures and 'How are you Feeling?' displays to encourage talk about feelings. Focus on each emotion and the letter sound at the beginning of the word. Emotions Work — begin to write a label using the initial sound in the word		
	World Book Day (Global Learning) Discuss fiction and non- fiction books. Which type of book is our favourite?		
	Take part in 'Show and Tell' – talk about a favourite book.		
	Spring story 'When Will it be Spring?' by Catherine Walters Read aloud, predict events and talk about setting, characters and storyline.		
	Mothers' Day BIG book 'Owl Babies' by Martin Waddell		
	-Read, predict events and talk about setting, characters and		

storyline

- -Point to the words as they are being read to show that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom.
- -Join in with repeated refrains

Children joining in with seasonal collection of rhyming action poems along with peers and staff, to develop a bank of learned/off by heart poems to recite and present.

The Easter Story

- -Listening and responding using P4C strategies-offer ideas.
- -Build Victor Wonderful Words board-identify initial sound in a key word

'We're going on an Egg Hunt' Join in with repeated refrains

Poetry Texts-

'The Usbourne Big Book of Nursery Rhymes' by Felicity Brooks & Sophia Touliatou

Poetry basket-

'The Poetry Basket' laminated Class book

Non-fiction topic books

Linked to Spring and topics shown interest in by children during child initiated and fiction study.

Helicopter Stories-

Children's stories scribed and acted out with class on the day created, contributing to child's Helicopter Story book along with any other child initiated linked writing.

<u>CC</u>

• Play 'I SPY' with a small group

<u>CHALLENGE</u>- Use phonics skills to label drawings using initial sounds

<u>SEN/LAP/DISAD</u>- Visual supports and peer buddying/talking partners/1:1 support overlearning-

	I can re-read these books	Texts:	Illustrator,	Playing and	Skills:
F2	to build up my	Termly Author Focus books by Julia Donaldson:	compare,	Exploring	-Use my prior
	confidence in word	The Snail and the Whale, Superworm, Monkey Puzzle.	repeated	-Showing a can-do	knowledge
	reading, fluency and my		refrains,	attitude	and make
	understanding and	'BOOKS OF THE WEEK' DISPLAY linked to focus author: Julia	substitute,	-Seeking challenge	links.
	enjoyment.	Donaldson.	exclamation	-Shows particular	-Oral rehearsal
			mark,	interests	of sentences
	I know how to read a	Other Text:	adjective,		-Linking
	few common exception	Jack and the Beanstalk	express,	Active Learning	phonemes to
	words matched to the		rehearse,	-Maintaining focus	graphemes.
	school's phonic	- <u>Book Talk</u>	special	on their activity for	-Sight
	programme.	Reading the title, author/ess' name and illustrator's name. listen to	friends,	a period of time	vocabulary
	programme.	the blurb for all books read. When discussing the books, referring	digraphs	-Paying attention	skills.
	I know how to read	to Victor Vocabulary, Rex Retriever, Iggy Inference to aid reading		to details	
	simple phrases and	skills/comprehension.		-Not easily	-Other skills:
	sentences made up of	-' <u>Superworm'</u>		distracted	-Turn taking in
	words with known	 Share story and compare setting, characters and storyline 		-Enjoying meeting	conversation
	letter-sound	with the Julia Donaldson books focused upon last term.		challenges	and building
	correspondences and,	Join in with repeated refrains, adding own rhyming		-Shows high levels	upon what is
	where necessary, a few	substitute words.		of energy and	heard.
	exception words.	Spot the capital letters, full stops, question and		fascination	-Questioning
	exception words.	exclamation marks.		-Bounces back	to find out
				after difficulties	more
	I can form lower-case	 Pointing out special friends and <u>tricky words.</u> 		Creating and	information.
	and capital letters	Look, cover, write and check strategies		critical thinking	-Using own
	correctly.	 practised to learn to spell tricky words. 		-Thinking of ideas	experiences in
		practised to learn to spen then, words.		-Making links and	play.
	I can write short			noticing patterns	
	sentences with words	- <u>'The Snail and the Whale'</u>		-Making	Application: In
	with known letter-sound	 Read, predict events and talk about setting, characters and 		predictions	context of
	correspondences using a	storyline.		-Developing ideas	'What do
	capital letter and full	Finding known tricky words and rhyming words in the book		of sequences	living things
	stop.	 Substituting adjectives and similes in the story. 		-Planning and	need to
		Re-tell the story.		making decisions	grow?' adult
	I can re-read what I have	 Vote between 'Superworm' and 'The Snail and the Whale' 		about how to	focus and
	written to check that it	giving reasons.		complete a task	child initiated
	makes sense.	 Create a poster of adjectives. 		-Checking how well	learning.
		Create a poster or aujectives.			

I know how to write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.

I can say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.

I can read words consistent with my phonic knowledge by sound-blending.

I can demonstrate understanding of what has been read to me by retelling stories and narratives using my own words and recently introduced vocabulary. • Write own stories about a minibeast and another animal.

-'Monkey Puzzle'

- Talking partners expressing ideas and opinions.
- Choose an animal and write a detailed description of itusing a range of adjectives.
- Build Victor Vocabulary board-define words in glossary.

Poetry Texts-

Poems to Read and Perform-Chosen by Julia Donaldson.

'The Poetry Basket' smart board action poems to learn and recite. Role-play and drawing/written responses about our favourite parts.

Poetry basket-

'The Poetry Basket' laminated Class book-children joining in with seasonal collection of rhyming action poems along with peers and staff, to develop a bank of learnt/off by heart poems to recite and present.

<u>Weekly home and school reading books</u> linked to sounds that the children have been taught and tricky word/sight vocabulary packs.

Guided Reading groups

- Rehearse tricky word reading
- Group reading and discussions about characters, setting, plot, story structure, using Victor Vocabulary and our board, Rex Retriever and Inference Iggy to work on reading /comprehension skills.

Non-fiction topic books

Linked to human growth and health, plants and mini beasts and life cycles plus topics shown interest in by children during child initiated and fiction study.

Reading and writing linked to Understanding the World activities:

- Drawing and writing brainstorm-what do we need to grow?
- Drawing and labelling cress growth pots as part of the

their activities are going

- -Changing strategy as needed
- -Reviewing how well the approach worked
- -Talk about the feelings of the characters

<u>experiment</u> Sentence writing about predictions and conclusions. Use of Victor Vocabulary board and Glossary for word meanings.

-Planting own bean then writing instructions on how to plant a bean

• Pupil reads out own written instructions as another child follows them and plants their own bean.

-Indoor Garden Centre role-play area

 Reading the garden centre materials and using the writing frames during in-role group interactions.

-Describing Minibeasts and changes observed

 Creating a class non- fiction book-pupils using e books and non- fiction books to inform their choice of mini-beast for their particular page of the book-draw, label and write information sentences.

Helicopter Stories-

Children's stories scribed and acted out with class on the day created, contributing to child's Helicopter Story book along with any other child initiated linked writing.

CC-

- Use of picture/letter and special friends mats whilst writing.
- Concept/vocabulary grids 1:1 with adult in reading arch (logged on chart)

<u>CHALLENGE</u>- Can you take a breath in your reading when you see a full stop at the end of a sentence? Can you put a full stop at the end of each sentence as you write?

<u>SEN/LAP/DISAD</u>- Visual supports and letter/word picture mats and peer buddying/talking partners/1:1 support overlearning and

	RWInc catch up.		

Sticky Knowledge Observation Literacy activities for observation and assessment in terms of skills, knowledge and application.

F1- Observe groups of children playing 'Kim's Game' to assess if a child CAN HEAR AND SAY INITIAL SOUNDS IN WORDS CC: Give extra practise of the above during 'Stay and Play' club.

<u>F2</u>-Writing assessment and observations in provision to assess child's ability to WRITE SIMPLE SENTENCES IN MEANINGFUL CONTEXTS/READ SOME TRICKY WORDS. <u>CC-Small</u> group intervention with adult providing stimuli to write- practising rehearsing of sentences with each pupil and sentence writing modelling.

CHILDREN'S INTERESTS/HOME LEARNING/ENHANCEMENTS AND TRIPS

Makerspace Parent /Carer after school project rota

Spring 2B F2 Home learning Grid

Playdough disco





EYFS AREA OF LEARNING : MATHEMATICS (NUMBER AND NUMERICAL PATTERNS) SPRING 2B

ENQUIRY QUESTION: F1- WHAT HAPPENS IN SPRING? F2- WHAT DO LIVING THINGS NEED TO GROW?

Development Matters mathematics links-addressed through F1 and F2 objective and outdoor planning

Development matters links – Mathematics

- 3-4 years Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising'). Recite numbers past 5. Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5.
- Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle'). Show 'finger numbers' up to 5. Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5. Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5. Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'. Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'. Understand position through words alone for example, "The bag is under the table," with no pointing. Describe a familiar route. Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'. Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity. Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc. Combine shapes to make new ones an arch, a bigger triangle etc.
- Talk about and identifies the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc.
- Extend and create ABAB patterns stick, leaf, stick, leaf. Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern. Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then...'
- **4-5 years:** •count objects, actions and sounds. •subitise •link the number symbol with its cardinal number value •count beyond 10 •compare numbers •understand that one more than/one less than consecutive numbers •explore the composition of numbers to 10 automatically recall numbers bonds 0-5 and some to 10 •select rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spacial reasoning skills •compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it just as numbers can continue copy and create repeating patterns •compare length weight and capacity

ELG: Number •have a deep understanding of number to 10 including the composition of each number

- Subitise up to 5
- •automatically recall (without references to rhymes counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10 including double facts.

Numerical patterns:

- Verbally count beyond (15) 20 recognise the pattern of the counting system.
- •Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantities
- •Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10 including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

KNOWLEDGE	ACTIVITIES LINKED TO MATHEMATICS (Learning sequences)	VOCABULARY	CHARACTERISTICS	SKILLS and
(what do you want		(Use Victor	OF EFFECTIVE	APPLICATION
children to be able to		Vocabulary and	LEARNING	
know and do?)		Glossary books)		

Patterns (NCETM and Development Matters)

<u>Cardinality and</u> <u>counting</u>

I can count out or give a number of things to 5, from a larger group and focus on the stopping number to give the cardinal number

(Counting: knowing the last number counted gives the total so far).

I can develop fast recognition of up to 5 objects, without having to count them individually 'subitising' for an irregular arrangement e.g a handful.

I can count things that cannot be touched.

(Counting: tagging each object with one number word).

I can match a number symbol with a number of things to 5

(Subitising: recognising small quantities without needing to count them all)

Comparing

-Irregular Subitising activities

Children subitising handfuls of objects and adults modelling subitising of irregular objects/people e.g You 5 children line up please (using arms).

-Counting activities to 5 relating to sounds and actions

E.g Teacher jumping and children counting out aloud the number of jumps.

Children count the teachers' number of jumps in their head.

-Counting activities

Throw a die (0-6) and get the corresponding number of objects from a larger set.

-Numerosity sizes game

Children talk about and count the number of objects in sets, despite there being different objects and sizes in the set.

-Labelled and Mislabelled sets of object puzzle

Bead threading with some string sets correctly labelled and some mislabelled with children explaining how to solve the problem using more and less/fewer language. Use of number line as a visual aid and to support childrens' connections.

-Fishing and Hook a Duck game matching ducks/fish to numeral and numeral to duck/fish to 5

In the water tray

Number puzzles/jigsaws matching numeral and picture of objects

-Sharing problem solving to 5

In provision-sharing different numbers of objects to 5 between 2 and 3 children within their play e.g in home corner, playdough table.

-Pairs activities

What is a pair?

Going with a partner to go to ...

Playing a pairs game

Matching and non-matching pairs e.g gloves and socks

Die, matching, set/s, more., less, fewer, sharing, pair/s, number names

Exploring -Seeking challenge -Showing a 'can do' attitude **Active Learning** -Maintaining focus on their activity for a period of time -Pays attention to details -Showing satisfaction in meeting their own goals -Persists when challenges occur -Bouncing back after difficulties Creating and critical thinking -Thinking of ideas -Finding new ways to do things -Making links and noticing patterns in their experience -Checking how well their activities are going -Changing strategy when needed -Reviewing how

well the approach

worked

Playing and

<u>Skills</u>:

-Use my prior knowledge and make links. -Being able to spot mistakes.

-Other skills:

-Turn taking in conversation and building upon what is heard.
-Questioning to find out more information.

Application:
Practise and
apply
knowledge
and
understanding
of concepts.

I can focus on the numerosity of a group even when there are different kinds and sizes of items in the set

(Knowing the 1 more than/1 less than relationship between counting numbers).

I know if a group of objects has been mislabelled and can say what needs to be done e.g add one or take one away (Knowing the 1 more than/1 less than relationship between counting numbers).

Composition

I can solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.

I can partition a whole number by identifying the pairs of numbers that make the total

(A number can be partitioned into different pairs of numbers).

Pattern

I can create ABAB patterns
– stick, leaf, stick, leaf
(Create ABAB patterns).

Counting individual items and counting the pairs

Noah's Ark Bible Story

Playing with small world Noah's Ark resources

-Duck and Goose 1,2,3 book by Tad Hills

- -Looking at sets of objects with number names
- -Looking at pairs of eyes and total number of eyes

-Composition Number block towers from 1 up to 5

How many pairs make the total tower number of blocks for the towers 1,2,3,4,5?

Teacher model the emerging pattern of pairs within a number block. Can you spot and talk about any patterns as you do this?

Recall of the number of pairs in numbers 1-5 when ready

Number blocks episode 'Holes.'

Create ABAB patterns using natural objects and spotting errors and correcting them

E.g conker, leaf, conker, leaf...what comes next?

Taking I pad photographs of own and each others' patterns.

I can spot the error in the AB pattern and explain what it is before correcting and continuing it.

	I can notice and correct an				
	error in a repeating				
	_				
	pattern				
	(Spotting an error I a				
	repeating pattern).				
F2	Number and Numerical	-Subitising regular sets to 5 then 8	Regular, count	Playing and	Skills:
	Patterns (NCETM,	Using subitising plates and dots on the dice.	on, forwards,	Exploring	-Use my prior
	Development Matters and	osing subitising plates and dots on the dice.	count	-Shows curiosity	knowledge
		Counting bound 10 and crossing the 10/20 boundary		1	and make links
	White Rose)	-Counting beyond 10 and crossing the 19/20 boundary	backwards,	about objects	
		With and without the 100 square.	starting,	-Showing a can-do	-Predicting
	Cardinality and	Talk about the counting number system.	number names	attitude	-Exploring
	counting		to 20,	-Shows particular	-Problem
	I can subitise regular sets	-Counting on and back to/from 10 starting from different points and	combine,	interests	solving
	to 5 then 8	adding challenge by stopping at various points then carrying on.	altogether,		
	(Subitising: recognising		groups, pairs of	Active Learning	-Other skills:
	small quantities without	-Linking numerals and amounts and amounts to numerals to 10	numbers,	-Seeks challenge	-Turn taking in
	needing to count them		greater than,	-Paying attention	conversation
	all).	-Making pairs	less than, same	to details	and building
	all).	Exploring matching pairs of objects e.g socks, gloves and notice that		-Enjoying meeting	upon what is
	Lean count up to 10 and	there can be an odd one left over with no partner.		challenges	heard.
	I can count up to 10 and	Simon's Sock book by Sue Hendra		-Takes a risk,	-Questioning
	backwards from 10	Play Webgamesonline.com/memory		engages in new	to find out
	starting from different	Play snap		experiences and	more
	numbers	Create spiders with pairs of legs		learns by trial and	information.
	(Counting: saying number			error	-Recalling
	words in sequence).	-Representing 8, 9 and 10		-Shows high levels	learning
		Use of objects (concrete), pictorially and abstract.		of energy and	Application:
	I can count beyond 10 and	Numerals, objects on a tens frame.		fascination	Practising and
	cross the boundary 19/20	Represent the numbers using Five wise and pair wise patterns and		-Pays attention to	applying
	(Counting: saying number	compare: what is the same/different?		details	knowledge
	words in sequence).	I spy little numbers book by Jean Marzello		-Being proud of	and
		Number blocks episodes: Eight, Nine, Ten		how they	understanding
	I can link numerals and	Anno's Counting Book by Mitsumasa Anno		accomplished	in the
	amounts: for example,	Nine Naught Kittens book by Linda Jenny		something not just	provision
	showing the right number	Feast for 10 book by Cathryn Falwell		the end result	PLOVISION
	of objects to match the	Conservation of number arranging 8, 9 and 10 in different ways		the end result	
	numeral, up to 10	,		Creating and	
	(Numeral meanings).	Ordering numeral cards 0-10		Creating and	
	(Numeral meanings).	Ordering numeral cards 0-10		Creating and	

Comparing

I can represent 8, 9 and 10 in different ways.

I can compare 2 quantities to 10, spotting when a set has been mislabelled and explaining why using a stem sentence

(Knowing the 1 more/1 less than relationship between counting numbers).

I can order 3 or more quantities to 10.

Composition

I can combine 2 groups to find out how many altogether.

I can explore the composition of 8, 9 and 10 by partitioning into different pairs of numbers (Partitioning a number into different pairs of numbers).

I can partition 8, 9 and 10 into more than 2 groups (A number can be partitioned into more than 2 numbers).

I can automatically recall

-Comparing numbers to 10 and 2 groups to 10, explaining when a group has been mislabelled and explaining why

Ten Black Dots book by Donald Crews

Offering solutions to make the set correctly labelled Lining up objects to compare

Groups of 10 children voting on their favourite book out of a choice of 2-using voting bricks with their name on-talk about the results using, more/greater than, less/fewer than, the same.

Name writing letter comparison with a friend.

-Ordering 3 or more quantities to 10

From smallest to largest and from largest to smallest Using the vocabulary: greater than, less than or the same as.

Lining up objects to compare

Create number block towers for 1-10 and comment on the number pattern.

-Combining 2 groups to find out how many altogether

Subitise where possible and play domino game: child picks domino and tells partner how many spots there are on each side. Partner calculates how many altogether. If the domino has 6 spots, how many could be on each side?

I spy game-I spy a group of 3 and a group of 2-what am I looking at? Representing in different ways and using part, part, whole models and bar models to explain.

Finger gym- coat hanger-how their number of pegs can be partitioned in different ways and recombined to see how many there are altogether?

Numicon game-Travel, pair and share: combine their shape with a friend-what number do you make altogether? Repeat with other children.

-Composition: Partitioning 8, 9 and 10 to explore the number pairs Play bunny ears game to make 8, 9 and 10.

Represent and record using part, part whole models and bar models. Number Blocks episode: Blast Off!

Talk about the possibilities game: J rolled 2 dice and scored 10. A scored less than J and one of his dice showed 5- what other number

critical thinking

- -Thinking of ideas -Making links and noticing patterns
- -Finding new ways
- to do things
- -Making links and noticing patterns in their experience
- -Making
- predictions
- -Testing their ideas
- -Developing ideas of grouping,
- sequences, cause
- and effect
- -Planning, making
- decisions about how to approach a
- task, solve a
- problem and reach
- a goal
- -Checking how well their ideas are
- going
- -Changing strategy as needed
- -Reviewing how
- well the approach

numbers bonds 0-5 and some to 10.

I have a deep understanding of numbers to 10 including the composition of each number.

Pattern

I can create a repeating pattern that repeats around a circle, explain if it is continuous and correct if needed

(A pattern that repeats around a circle).

I can verbally count beyond 15 and recognise the pattern of the counting system.

I can compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantities. could A have rolled? Any other numbers he could have rolled?

Number bonds to 10 caterpillar track game

Reception children to play-rolling a die and placing that many counters on the caterpillar. The winner is the first person to fill their caterpillar counters to 10, making sure that the last die rolls exact. Throughout-talk about the composition of 10 e.g I have 8 counters and I need 2 to win.

Number bonds to 10: reasoning and possibility problem solving 10 children on a football team-7 wear yellow tops, can 4 wear red tops? Lots of variations of problems. Children represent in different ways and record.

How many ways can you find to park 10 cars in 2 car parks? 10 dinosaurs in 2 Jurassic parks?

Numicon bond game-travel, pair and share-child has a numicon piece and has to find a partner to add to their piece to make 10. When able do this with numeral stickers on children's tops.

10 seats arranged in pairs with various numbers of children sat on bus-explore the number pairs variations.

10 Hunt and Ten Frame activity-10 items hidden outdoors- as children find them they place on the tens frame-talk about how many found and how many more needed at various points.

-Partitioning 8, 9 and 10 into more than 2 groups Using bead strings and multilink rods

-Automatically recall number bonds to 5 then 10 With support from Bunny Ears

-Create a repeating pattern that goes in a circle I can talk about if it is continuous and correct it if needed.

5 Minute Daily Maths meetings

	Large abacus to model and demonstrate number facts/patterns	Number facts,	
	starting with 0 and 0 is 0, 0 add 1 is 1, 0+2 is 2	add, is, equals,	
	Then 1+0 is 1, 1+1 is 2, 1+2 is 3, 1+3 is 4	number names	

Sticky Knowledge Observation Maths activities for observation and assessment of skills, knowledge and application.

F1 and 2-Observing children in the provision to assess their embedded knowledge and understanding as well as application of mathematical understanding, knowledge and skills to new contexts.

Practitioners being invited into childrens' play and using possibility questions to assess and extend childrens' understanding and next steps: I wonder what would happen if...... What would happen if someone else joined? Can you show/represent that in a different way? How could we record that to explain it to a younger friend?

During adult focus activities with children, assessing what the children know already in order to attune with the learning and wellbeing needs of the child during the adult focus activity.

CHILDREN'S INTERESTS/HOME LEARNING/ENHANCEMENTS AND TRIPS

Makerspace Parent /Carer after school project rota

Spring 2B F2 Home learning Grid

Playdough disco





EYFS AREA OF LEARNING: UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD SPRING 2B

ENQUIRY QUESTION: F1- WHAT HAPPENS IN SPRING? F2 WHAT DO LIVING THINGS NEED TO GROW?

Development Matters links to UtW

3-4 years - Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. • Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. • Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary. • Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history. • Show interest in different occupations. • Explore how things work. • Plant seeds and care for growing plants. • Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. • Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things. • Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. • Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice. • Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people. • Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos

Reception child - Talk about members of their immediate family and community. • Name and describe people who are familiar to them. • Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. • Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. • Draw information from a simple map. • Understand that some places are special to members of their community. • Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. • Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. • Explore the natural world around them. • Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. • Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live. • Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them

ELG: Past and Present

- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.
- Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

ELG: People, Culture and Communities

• Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.

- Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and when appropriate-maps.

ELG: The Natural World

- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.
- Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

	KNOWLEDGE SKILLS (what do you want children to be able to know and do?)	SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES/PROGRESSION	VOCABULARY (Use Victor Vocabulary and Glossary books)	CHARACTERISTICS OF EFFECTIVE LEARNING	SKILLS and APPLICATION
F1	I can use all my senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. I can explore collections of materials with similar and/or different	Brainstorm enquiry question: 'What happens in Spring?' To find out prior knowledge Pancake Day Watch and listen to a cooking demonstration on how to make a pancake. Participate in a pancake tasting session and choose a favourite filling. Talk about preferences. Discuss own experiences of Pancake Day at home. Fair Trade Café (Global Learning)	Spring, new life, Easter, same, similar, different, plant, seeds, grow, care, living things, collections, materials	Playing and Exploring -showing curiosity about objects, events and people -Using senses to explore the world around themShowing a can do attitude Active Learning	Skills: -Use my prior knowledge and make links -Other skills: - Turn taking in conversation and building upon what is

properties.	Listen to a lesson about Fair Trade and afterwards take part in a	-Paying attention to	heard
	whole school Fair trade Café event in the hall- eating and drinking	details	-Questioning
I can talk about	Fair Trade products.	-Enjoying meeting	to find out
what I see, using a		challenges	more
wide vocabulary.	Disciplinary knowledge-Observations over time and observing		information
,	patterns:	Creating and critical	-Using own
	Observations of changes linked to the seasons	thinking	experiences in
I know how to plant		-Thinking of ideas	play
seeds and care for	- Learn about the season of Spring.	-Making links and	
growing plants.	To be introduced to the 4 seasons as appropriate	noticing patterns	Application: In
8. o transport	throughout the year.		context of 'What
I understand the	Disciplinary knowledge Measuring and recording		
key features of the	Disciplinary knowledge-Measuring and recording: To record ideas simply e.g pictures		happens in Spring-?'
life cycle of a plant	10 record ideas simply e.g pictures		learning and
and an animal.	Spring trees and flowers-		child initiated
anu an amma.	Discuss/answer questions about how the trees have changed.		learning
Laur baatautaa ta	Go on a Spring walk together around our school to spot the signs		icarring
I am beginning to	of Spring (cherry blossom/ daffodils) Draw observational pictures		
understand the	-Circle time- talk about the seasonal changes.		
need to respect and	Which season is your favourite? Why?		
care for the natural			
environment and all	Disciplinary knowledge-Observations over time and observing		
living things.	patterns:		
	Making general sensory observations of plants		
I can talk about the	Outdoor seed planting-vegetables and flowers		
differences			
between materials	Disciplinary knowledge-Asking relevant questions:		
and changes I	Looking at objects and discussing what they can see		
notice.	Natariala hunt		
	Materials hunt		
	Describing properties e.g stone and plastic-smooth, rocks and bark-rough-compare natural and human made materials.		
	Make collections of natural materials to create pair natural		
	portraits.		
	portraits.		
	- <u>Circle time</u> - contribute to the feedback about the observations		
	made during the local walk. Ask questions about what they have		
	. , ,		

observed.		
<u>Disciplinary knowledge-Research using secondary sources:</u> To use picture books and images to ask and answer questions		
Use non- fiction Spring books, Alexa and the IWB to find out answers to circle time questions		
Focus on IWB PowerPoint Signs of Spring Power Point EYFS All About Spring PowerPoint (Twinkl) -Talking partners-talking about Spring themed books and explain favourite part and what they like / dislike about Spring		
Disciplinary knowledge-Observations over time and observing patterns: Making general sensory observations of mini-beasts		
Life cycle of a butterfly Learn about the life cycle of a butterfly using books e.g. 'The Very Hungry Caterpillar' and IWB. Use kit to observe the lifecycle of a butterfly in the classroom and see the changes from egg, caterpillar, chrysalis and finally, butterfly. Focus on the patterns on butterfly wings		
Circle time-Brainstorm enquiry question: 'What happens in Spring?' at the end of this half term to assess what knowledge and understanding the children have now	Buzzer, circuit	
<u>-ICT focus- Home / school ICT</u> Discuss the technology used at home (e.g. mobile phone) and Nursery (e.g. IWB)		
ONGOING: ICT-Mini Mash		

	Exploring different areas of Purple Mash.			
	- <u>Use of Alexa</u> to ask information and play music.			
	- <u>Use of I pads</u> to play age appropriate games.			
	-Science resources /equipment trolley use during investigating for the above and child-initiated explorations in provision, including observation of Spring			
	-Makerspace STEM Trolley Learning with peer tutoring Investigating/problem solving to create simple circuits to light up a bulb plus buzzers and use of switches. Incorporate circuits into own ideas and models- alongside a KS 2 peer tutor once a week. Sharing of related electricity/circuit non- fiction booklets.			
	Vegetable Planters-Joint F1 and 2 /Use of gardening equipment Weeding watering. Observing plant growth and comparing height, leaf type and talk about changes.			
	Care and observation of the Early Years tortoise F1 and 2 care rota, preparing food and water, cleaning out and observing, explaining any changes.			
	<u>CULTURAL CAPITAL-</u> 1:1/ small group sharing of topic non-fiction books-adding words to the Victor's Wonderful Words board and defining the words to be recorded in class brown book.			
	<u>CHALLENGE</u> - To find out more about lifecycles of other animals using technology			
	SEN/LAP/DISAD— Talking partners with a HAP-for peer modelling and 1:1 support when investigating, adult modelling specific vocabulary use.			
I can explore the	Brainstorm enquiry question: 'What do living things need to	Predict,	Playing and Exploring	Skills:

F2

natural world around me.

I can describe what I see, hear and feel whilst outside.

I know about the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around me.

I can make observations and draw pictures of animals and plants.

I know about some important processes and changes in the natural world around me, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

grow?'

To find out **prior** knowledge-teacher scribe then display on topic working wall.

-Ourselves-What do humans need to grow?

- Pass the bear around the circle and pupils contribute their ideas-discussing-healthy foods, sleep, water, love.
- Talking partners in response to information texts and own experiences.
- 'How humans grow as they change' power point and sequence the life stages.

<u>Disciplinary knowledge-Observations over time and observing patterns:</u>

Compare different seasons

Disciplinary knowledge-Classification:

To use the names of plants and trees

-Talk about Spring Season changes noticed

- Types of plants growing (green bean in pot and outdoor plants) and close observation with magnifying glass- of their features-similarities and differences. Explain why these shoots are coming up, naming plants and classifying-observation drawings and labelling of plants.
- Talk about any decay noticed and explain processes and changes.

Disciplinary knowledge-Fair testing:

Begin to understand the concept of fairness in an investigation

- -Predict and test what will happen in cress growth experiment. Considering the effects of light on plant growth in the provision considering fairness in the investigation (Enquiry question- Does light affect plant growth?):
 - Watered cress covered in the dark
 - Watered cress uncovered in the light

experiment, lifecycle, minibeasts, habitat, metamorphos is, natural, humans, life stages, pictures, animals, plants, shoots, leaves, petals, roots, light, dark -Shows curiosity about objects, events and people -Using senses to explore the world around them--Showing a can-do attitude -Shows particular interests

Active Learning -Initiates activities -Seeks challenge -Paying attention to details -Enjoying meeting challenges -Takes a risk. engages in new experiences and learns by trial and error -Shows high levels of energy and fascination -Pays attention to details -Being proud of how they accomplished something not just the end result

Creating and critical thinking -Thinking of ideas -Making links and noticing patterns

-Use my prior knowledge and make links -Observation skills -Sorting and Classifying -Measuring -Predicting, testing, deducting and concluding

-Other skills:
- Turn taking in conversation and building upon what is heard -Questioning to find out more information -Using own experiences in play

Application: In context of

'What do
living things
need to
grow?'
learning and
child initiated
learning.

<u>Disciplinary knowledge-Measuring and recording:</u> Draw and label pictures

<u>Disciplinary knowledge-Drawing conclusions</u>

To use a stem sentence to explain thinking

<u>Disciplinary knowledge-Measuring and Recording</u> To use non-standard units of measurement

 Creating a labelled diagram of experiment -with results using non-standard cubes to measure the plant growth and make a conclusion. Use of Victor Vocabulary board and Glossary for word meanings during investigation.

-Following peer instructions on how to plant a bean (linked to 'Jack and the Beanstalk')

- Plant own bean
- Write own instructions on how to plant a bean then read them out for another pupil to follow whilst planting their bean.

<u>Disciplinary knowledge-Observations over time and observing</u> patterns:

Observation drawings of plants

Disciplinary knowledge-Measuring and Recording:

To measure by direct comparison Draw and label pictures

- -Plant vegetable seeds and flowers outdoors
 - Following verbal instructions to plant
 - Looking after the plants
 - Weeding watering. Observing plant growth and comparing height /measurements, leaf type and talk about changes.

-Garden Centre role-play area

With seed packets, tools, boots and pots/plants with till and

-Finding new ways to do things -Making links and noticing patterns in their experience -Making predictions -Testing their ideas -Developing ideas of grouping, sequences, cause and effect -Planning, making decisions about how to approach a task, solve a problem and reach a goal -Checking how well their ideas are going -Changing strategy as needed -Reviewing how well the approach

worked

wheelbarrow. Pictures and labels. Development of role-play with		
friends, making links and applying vocabulary and knowledge.		
Mini-beast laboratory science role play area with mini-beasts,		
tweezers, goggles, clipboards and labelling mini-beast body parts	Switch/es,	
with scientist coats.	electricity	
Disciplinary knowledge-Classification:		
To use the names of mini beasts		
Disciplinary knowledge-Observations over time and observing		
patterns:		
Draw and label mini beasts		
Disciplinary knowledge-Research using secondary sources: To use non fiction books and ICT to answer questions		
-Naming and Describing Minibeasts		
Learning about minibeast names and habitats		
Mini beast hunt outdoors-observational drawings with		
labelling. Explaining results and how different mini-beasts		
prefer different habitats		
Create own mini-beast habitat		
Create a non-fiction class book of minibeasts-labelled		
drawings and information writing after the above and		
further research from non-fiction sources.		
Disciplinary knowledge-Classification:		
To use the names of mini-beasts		
-Lifecycle of Butterflies		
Looking after real caterpillars and		
talking about metamorphosis		
Talking about stick insect life cycle changes		
-Science resources /equipment trolley use during investigating for		
the above and child-initiated explorations in provision, including		
observation of Spring, weather changes, plant growth.		
-Care and observation of the Early Years stick insects and tortoise		

F1 and 2 care rota, preparing food and water, cleaning out and observing, explaining any changes. -Makerspace STEM Trolley Learning with peer tutoring Investigating/problem solving to create simple circuits to light up a bulb plus buzzers and use of switches. Incorporate circuits into own ideas and models- alongside a KS 2 peer tutor once a week. Sharing of related electricity/circuit non- fiction booklets. Other activities linked to UtW and PC: -Fair Trade Café (Global Learning) Listen to a lesson about Fair Trade and afterwards take part in a whole school Fair trade Café event in the hall- eating and drinking Fair Trade products and looking at the globe/maps to locate where the cocoa beans have come from. -Mother's Day (British Values) Talking about our Mums and why they are special-creating a Mother's Day card. Easter Church visit (British Values) Presenting a class Easter song at Church and learning about the Christian Easter story. **ICT-Programming** Exploring B-Bots and other programmable toys in order to program and control a series of actions/movements. **ONGOING:** -ICT-Support/practise logging onto Mini Mash Exploring different areas of Purple Mash and with support learning to save learning.

-Use of Alexa to research living things; plants, humans, mini-

beasts- growth plus own interests.		
- <u>Use of I pads</u> to play age appropriate games.		
CULTURAL CAPITAL- 1:1/ small group sharing of topic non-fiction books-adding words to the Victor Vocabulary board and defining the words to be recorded in class brown book. CHALLENGE-Encouraging pupils to follow their own explorations and answer possibility questions-How did you? I wonder what will happen if? Tell me more More detailed recordings and explanations. SEN/LAP/DISAD— Talking partners with a HAP-for peer modelling and 1:1 support and encouragement when investigating, adult modelling specific vocabulary use and pictorial/hands on opportunities.		

Sticky Knowledge Observation UTW activities for observation and assessment in terms of skills, knowledge and application.

F1-_ Observe the children taking part in discussions about the changing seasons and the life cycle of a butterfly to assess whether a child **CAN LOOK CLOSELY AT SIMILARITIES**, **DIFFERENCES**, **PATTERNS AND CHANGE**.

CC: 1:1 Non-fiction books/topic concept/vocabulary grids to record the children's experience of the vocabulary and concepts related to different topics.

<u>F2</u>- When observing and measuring plant/vegetable growth assess whether pupils can MAKE OBSERVATIONS OF PLANTS AND MINI-BEASTS, EXPLAINING WHY SOME THINGS OCCUR, TALKING ABOUT CHANGES.

CC-Assessing any gaps in knowledge and spend time addressing these through extra research and non-fiction book sharing.

CHILDREN'S INTERESTS/HOME LEARNING/ENHANCEMENTS AND TRIPS

Makerspace Parent /Carer after school project rota

Spring 2B F2 Home learning Grid

Playdough disco





EYFS AREA OF LEARNING: EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN SPRING 2B

ENQUIRY QUESTION: F1- WHAT HAPPENS IN SPRING? F2 WHAT DO LIVING THINGS NEED TO GROW?

Development Matters links to EAD

3 and 4 years Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar. • Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc. • Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park. • Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. • Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. • Join different materials and explore different textures. • Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. • Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. • Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. • Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc. • Explore colour and colour-mixing. • Listen with increased attention to sounds. • Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. • Remember and sing entire songs. • Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). • Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. • Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know. • Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.

Children in Reception- Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. • Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. • Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. • Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. • Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses. • Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. • Develop storylines in their pretend play. • Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.

ELG's

Creating with Materials

Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. • Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. • Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

Being imaginative and Expressive

• Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. • Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. • Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.

KNOWLEDGE (what do you want children to be able to know and do?)	SEQUENCE OF ACTIVITIES/PROGRESSION	VOCABULARY (Use Victor Vocabulary and Glossary books)	CHARACTERISTICS OF EFFECTIVE LEARNING	SKILLS and APPLICATION
I can develop my own	Art Focus- Textiles	Smooth,	Playing and	-Exploring
	Gather natural found materials and assess how they feel e.g.	rough, hard,	Exploring	

	ideas and then decide	smooth, spikey, furry	soft,	-Using senses to	detail of the
	which materials to use	- Talk about other natural things and how they looks and feel.	Once upon a	explore the world	surface of a
	to express them.	- Explore human-made and natural fabrics and describe how they	time, build,	around them-	form
F1		feel (close your eyes and feel it to enhance the feeling)	blocks, bricks,	-Showing a can do	- Developing
	I can join different		portraits	attitude	vocab and
	materials and explore	Natural materials small world enhancement		- Pretending	starting to
	different textures.	-To create imaginative small worlds and stories.		objects are things from their	speak about
	I can take part in	-To use as wanted.		experiences.	objects and
	simple pretend play,	-To create natural material portraits.		-Taking a risk,	their
	using an object to	Relamby Duilding Cita Dressing up taking an rela of a builder and		engaging in new	appearance
	represent something	Role play: Building Site-Dressing up, taking on role of a builder and playing imaginatively with peers		experiences and	- Developing
	else even though they	- Use planning sheets on clipboards before using construction		learning by trial	building
	are not similar.	resources to build with		and error.	technique by
		-Role play : Home Corner			adding things
	I am beginning to	Curiosity objects			together,
	develop complex				creating new
	stories using small	World Book Day		Active Learning	compositions
	world like equipment	(Global Learning)		-Paying attention to details	and new
	animal sets, dolls and	Take part in whole school World Book Day Dressing up event/		-Enjoying meeting	shapes
	dolls houses, etc.	activities.		challenges	
		(Children dress up and take on the role of a character from a book.)		on an enges	
	I can make imaginative	Spring trees and flowers-		Creating and	Other skills:
	and complex 'small	Follow instructions to make Spring art work to put up on a seasonal		critical thinking	- Turn taking
	worlds' with blocks	Spring classroom display. (Collage Spring cherry blossom trees/		-Thinking of ideas	in
	and construction kits,	painted flowers)		-Making links and	conversation and building
	such as a city with			noticing patterns	upon what is
	different buildings and	Create Mothers' Day /Easter cards			heard
	a park.				-Using own
		Music and response			experiences in
	I can explore different	-Listen to a range of different genres of music and children			play
	materials freely, to	respond expressively.			
	develop my ideas	-Children play matching tone to the teacher's singing tone			Application: In
	about how to use	game.			context of
	them and what to				'What
	make.	ONGOING:-			happens in
					Spring?'

I can respond to what I have heard, expressing my thoughts and feelings. I can sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.	-F1 and 2 Easels both in and outside-Paints or dry mark making tools-chalks, crayons, pastels, charcoalF 1 and 2 Construction kits and blocks in and outdoors Child initiated use of construction kits to create modelsDaily singing sessions (nursery rhymes and familiar songs) -Weekly music session with specialist music teacher -Ongoing F1 and F2 Helicopter Story acting out stage After children have told their story, they act out in masking taped stage area along with peers. Video and evaluate. -F1 and 2 Outdoor mats, ribbon sticks and wind chime-with percussion instruments to encourage dance/expressive movements. -F1 and 2 Mud Kitchen and play house CC- Encourage child to experience all creative areas of the provision, with modelling and peer tutoring. Adult immersing themselves/modelling in role play context to draw child into pretending and role taking. CHALLENGE- 'Hot seating'Question a child who has dressed up and taken on an imaginative role as though they were the character. Ask them to justify their answer.			learning and child initiated learning
	SEN/LAP/DISAD- Linked Spring topic books with 1:1 reading and vocabulary time- recorded on child's grid			
I know how to create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills	 -Art/Textiles Look for and find materials which have different surface qualities. Choose different materials to fit within a theme Explore building/ layering with different materials e.g 	Textiles, tools, experiment, colour, form, invent, recount,	Playing and Exploring -Using senses to explore the world around them	Skills -Using senses and vocabulary to describe a

F2	I can safely use and	Creating the ocean for the Snail and the Whale in	layering,	-Shows curiosity	range of
	explore a variety of	groups.	painting,	about objects,	materials, in
	materials, tools and	 Developing use of colour choices in art work. 	collage,	events and people	terms of it's
	techniques,	 Begin to make simple compositions using fabrics and 	sponge	-Engages in open ended activities	feel/what it
	experimenting with	other materials in combination with painting /drawing	printing	-Shows particular	looks
	colour, design, texture,	/sculpting/collage.		interests	like/reminds
	form and function.			- Pretending	you of
		-Paul Klee artist focus		objects are things	-Use of a
	I can share my	 Looking at the art work by Paul Klee, talking about his 		from their	needle and
	creations, explaining	ideas and responses to his art.		experiences	thread
	the process I have	 Exploration of the use of shaped sponge printing to 		-Taking a risk,	-Running
	used.	create similar effects to Paul Klee's work, based upon		engaging in new	stitch
		mini beasts and habitats.		experiences and	-Creating
	I can invent, adapt and		Diam dasiam	learning by trial	collages by
	recount narratives and	DESIGN TECHNOLOGY-HEPP SERVICES	Plan, design, make,	and error	cutting
	stories with peers and	What do living things need to grow?	evaluate,	Active Learning	materials
	my teacher.	Plan. make and create a beanstalk for Jack at night, incorporating Makerspace circuits and bulbs lit up along the	beanstalk, create, light	-Maintains focus on their activity for a	-Use of
					appropriate
	I know how to perform	beanstalk.		period of time	colours for
	songs, rhymes, poems	Exploration		-Paying attention	purposes
	and stories with			to details	-Creating
	others, and (when	-Mother's Day cards		-Not easily distracted -Enjoying meeting	compositions
	appropriate) try to	-Use simple running stitch to create a greeting card.			using
	move in time with				different
	music.	-Indoor Role play area-Garden Centre and Mini-beast		challenges -Persists with	media,
		laboratory with		activity when	sometimes
		Dressing up and props plus visuals.		challenges occur	combined
				-Shows the belief	6.1
		Outdoor role play area following children's interests.		that more effort or	Other skills:
				a different	- Turn taking
		- <u>Develop a range of class songs to sing</u>		approach will pay	in
		'There's a Tiny Caterpillar on a Leaf,' '5 Little Speckled Frogs,'		off	conversation
i		'Incy Wincy Spider,' 'Theres a worm at the bottom of my		-Being proud how	and building
		garden.'		they accomplished	upon what is
					1 10 0 0 10 0

something not just

heard

<u>-F1 and 2 Easels both in and outside-</u>Paints or dry mark making tools-chalks, crayons, pastels, charcoal.

- -Weekly music session with specialist music teacher (also including the below)
 - Action songs and rhythm and pulse learning, plus dynamics.
 - Percussion instrument use
 - Practise Easter Church Reception class action song to perform

Studio Space Exploration

In provision, creating led by child interest, using range of box modelling materials including cardboard boxes, rolls, tissue paper, plus other fabrics, string, tape, glue..., with toolsscissors, pencils...

- -F 1 and 2 Construction kits and blocks in and outdoors Child initiated use of construction kits to create models.
- -Ongoing F1 and F2 Helicopter Story acting out stage
 After children have told their own narratives, they act out in masking taped stage area along with peers. Video and evaluate.
- -F1 and 2 Outdoor mats/stage, ribbon sticks and wind chimewith percussion instruments and dressing up costumes to encourage dance/expressive movements.
- <u>-F1 and 2 Mud Kitchen and play house</u>-addition of natural objects and herbs/plants.

<u>CC-</u> Encourage child to experience all creative areas of the provision, with modelling and peer tutoring.

the end result

<u>Creating and</u> critical thinking

- -Thinking of ideas -Finding new ways to do things -Making links and
- noticing patterns in their experiences -Tests their ideas
- -Developing ideas of grouping and cause and effect Planning and
- making decisions about how to approach a task, solve problems and

reach a goal.

- -Check how well their activities are going.
- -Change strategy as needed.
- -Review how well the approach worked.

-Using own experiences in play

Application:
In context of
'What do
living things
need to
grow?' adult
focus
learning and
child initiated
learning.

Adult immersing themselves/modelling in role play context to draw child into pretending and role taking. 1:1 support with textile learning and composition skills.		
<u>CHALLENGE</u> -Can you start to layer materials to create different effects in your composition.		
<u>SEN/LAP/DISAD</u> - 1:1 modelling of scissor cutting skills and textile techniques.		

Sticky Knowledge Observation EAD activities for observation and assessment in terms of skills, knowledge and application.

F1- Observe children engaging in role play to assess if a child CAN CREATE SIMPLE REPRESENTATIONS OF EVENTS, PEOPLE AND OBJECTS

CC: Small group pom pom making at Stay and Play club along with 1:1 recapping of material names and words to describe them.

F2- Whilst pupils are engaged in EAD activities, observe and assess CHOICES OF PARTICULAR COLOURS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSES.

CC: Small group sharing of Paul Klee and other artist's work plus use of wool to make pom poms at Stay and Play club.

CHILDREN'S INTERESTS/HOME LEARNING/ENHANCEMENTS AND TRIPS

Makerspace Parent /Carer after school project rota

Spring 2B F2 Home learning Grid

Playdough disco